

SINEAX F 535 **Transducer for measuring frequency difference**

Carrying rail housing P13/70

Application

The transducer SINEAX F 535 (Fig. 1) converts the frequency difference of two synchronised supplies into a load independent DC current or a load independent DC voltage proportional to the measured value.

The transducer fulfils all the important requirements and regulations concerning electromagnetic compatibility EMC and Safety (IEC 1010 resp. EN 61 010). It was developed and is manufactured and tested in strict accordance with the quality assurance standard ISO 9001.



Fig. 1. Transducer SINEAX F 535 in housing P13/70 clipped onto a top-hat rail.

Features / Benefits

Measuring inputs: Sine, rectangular, or distorted wave forms of nominal input voltages with dominant fundamental waves

Measured variables	Nominal input voltages	Measuring range limits
Frequency difference	10 to 690 V	$\label{eq:alpha} \begin{array}{l} \Delta = \pm \ 1\% \ f_{_S} \ to \ \pm \ 80\% \ f_{_S} \\ f_{_S} \ and \ f_{_G} \ge \ 10 \ Hz \ to \ \le \ 1.5 \ \text{kHz} \end{array}$

- Measuring output: Unipolar, bipolar or live zero output variables
- Measuring principle: Digital period measurement
- AC/DC power supply / Universal
- Standard as marine version per Lloyd's Register of Shipping

Own consumption:

 $< U_{N} \cdot 1.5$ mA per measuring input

Any; fundamental wave only taken

to 0 ... 10 V ve-zero 1 to 2 ... 10 V ± 10 V I mA

Overload capacity:

Measured quantities U _N	Number of applications	Duration of one application	Interval between two successive applications
1.2 x U _N ¹		continuously	
2 x U _N ¹	10	1 s	10 s

¹ But max. 264 V with power supply from voltage measuring input

Wave form:

	Into account
Measuring output \ominus	
Load independent DC current:	0 1 to 0 20 mA resp. live-zero 1 5 to 4 20 mA ± 1 to ± 20 mA
Burden voltage:	+ 15 V. resp. – 12 V

Technical data

General

Measured quantity:	Frequency difference Δf		resp. liv
Measuring principle:	Digital period measurement		1 5 t ± 1 to ±
Measuring inputs -		Burden voltage:	+ 15 V,
Measuring range ($f_s = bus bar$ $f_g = generator$):	See Section "Specification and ordering information»	Load independent DC voltage:	0 1 t resp. liv
Nominal input voltages U _N :	Generator and bus bar		0.2 ⁻ ± 1 to ±
	10 230 V or 230 690 V (max. 230 V with power supply from	Load capacity:	Max. 4
	voltage measuring input)	Voltage limit under $R_{ext} = \infty$:	≤ 25 V

Current	limit	under
overload	d:	

Residual ripple in output current:

Nominal value of

response time:

Other ranges:

Approx. 1.3 x I_{AN} at current output Approx. 30 mA at voltage output

< 0.5% p.p.

4 periods of the measuring frequency 2, 8 or 16 periods of the measuring frequency

Behaviour of output current in different operating states:

Operating state ¹				
Generator	Bus	Output	Display	
frequency	frequency			
f > f		unipolar	> I _{AN} / 2	
$f_{g} > f_{s}$		bipolar	positive	
minoing ²	nominal value	unipolar	approx. 0	
missing ²		bipolar	approx. – 110% I _{AN}	
nominal value	missing ²	unipolar	approx + 1100/1	
		bipolar	approx. + 110% I _{AN}	
missing?	und a star av2	unipolar	approx. I _{AN} / 2	
missing ²	missing ²	bipolar	approx. 0	

Output span

15 ... 30 °C

 U_{min} to U_{max}

 ΔR_{ext} max.

IP 40, housing (test wire, EN 60 529)

IP 20. terminals

2

Ш

(test finger, EN 60 529)

230 resp. 400 V, input

as well as outer surface

230 V, power supply

40 V, output

surface

No influence

At nominal range

II (protection isolated, EN 61 010)

50 Hz, 1 min. acc. to EN 61 010-1 3700 resp. 5550 V, input versus

all other circuits as well as outer

3700 V, power supply versus output

490 V, output versus outer surface

Class 0.2

¹ With power supply switched on

² E.g. switched off or fault condition

Accuracy (acc. to EN 60 688)

Reference value: Basic accuracy:

Reference conditions

Ambient temperature Input voltage Distortion factor Power supply Output burden

Safety

Protection class: Housing protection:

Contamination level:

Overvoltage category:

Rated insulation voltage (against earth):

Test voltage:

Power supply \rightarrow

AC/DC power pack (DC or 40 ...400 Hz)

Table 1: Rated voltages and permissible variations

Rated voltage		Tolerance	
85 230 V DC, AC		DC – 15 + 33%	
24 60 V DC, AC		AC ± 15%	
or power supply from voltage measuring input:		60 V AC or 85 230 V AC, ote: 40 Hz ≤ f ≤ 400 Hz	
Option:	mi	nnect to the low tension to ter- nals 12 and 13 V AC or 24 60 V DC	

Power consumption:

Installation data

Mechanical design: Material of housing:

Mounting: Mounting position: Weight:

Connecting terminals

Connection element:

Permissible cross section of the connection leads:

Environmental conditions

Operating temperature: Storage temperature: Relative humidity of annual mean: Altitude: Indoor use statement!

Ambient tests

EN 60 068-2-6: Acceleration: Frequency range:

Number of cycles: EN 60 068-2-27: Acceleration:

EN 60 068-2-1/-2/-3: IEC 1000-4-2/-3/-4/-5/-6 EN 55 011:

Germanischer Lloyd

Type approval certificate:

Housing **P13/70** Lexan 940 (polycarbonate)

Approx. 2 W resp. 4 VA

flammability Class V-0 acc. to UL 94, self-extinguishing, non-dripping, free of halogen For rail mounting Any

Approx. 0.27 kg

inals

Screw-type terminals with indirect wire pressure

 \leq 4.0 mm² single wire or 2 x 2.5 mm² fine wire

– 10 to + 55 °C – 40 to + 70 °C

≤ 75% 2000 m max.

Vibration ± 2 g 10 ... 150 ... 10 Hz, rate of frequency sweep: 1 octave/minute 10, in each of the three axes Shock 3 × 50 g 3 shocks each in 6 directions

Cold, dry heat, damp heat

Electromagnetic compatibility

No. 12 261-98 HH

SINEAX F 535 Transducer for measuring frequency difference

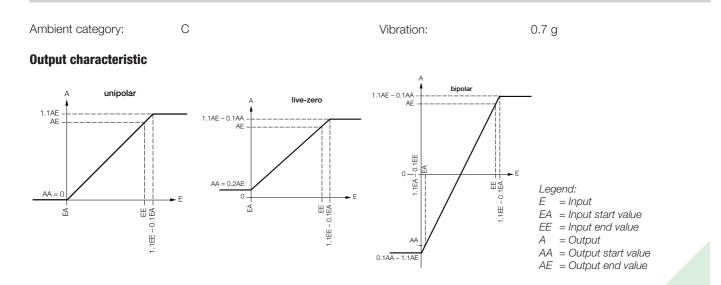


Table 2: Specification and ordering information

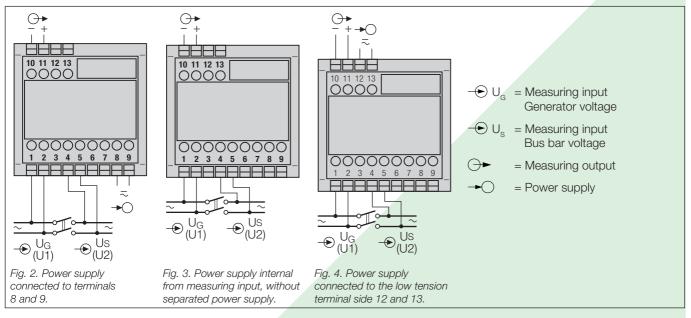
Description	*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SINEAX F 535 Order code 535 - xxxx >	(X		535 -
Features, Selection			
1. Mechanical design			
Housing P13/70 for rail mounting			4
2. Nominal input voltage Generator and bus bar:			
U _N : 10 230 V			1
U _N : > 230 690 V Not possible with power supply from measuring input	А		2
3 phase system: Input voltage = phase to phase voltage			
3. Measuring range Frequency: Bus bar = f_s / Generator = f_g			
f _s = 50 Hz / f _g = 49.5 50 50.5 Hz			1
f _s = 50 Hz / f _g = 47.5 50 52.5 Hz			2
f _s = 50 Hz / f _g = 45 50 55 Hz			3
$f_s = 50 \text{ Hz} / f_g = 40 \dots 50 \dots 60 \text{ Hz}$			4
f _s = 60 Hz / f _g = 57.5 60 62.5 Hz			5
Non-standard limit values[Hz] $\Delta f \pm 1\% f_s$ to $\pm 80\% f_s$ [Hz] f_s and $f_g \ge 10$ Hz to ≤ 1.5 kHz[Hz]With power supply from measuring input min. 40 Hz,max. 400 Hz, see feature 5, lines 3 and 4			9
4. Output signal			
0 20 mA			1
4 20 mA			2
Non-standard 0 1.00 to 0 < 20, [mA] – 1.00 0 1.00 to – 20 0 20 (symmetrical) 1 5 to < (4 20) (AA/AE = 1/5)			9
010V			A
Non-standard 0 1.00 to 0 < 10, [V] - 1.00 0 1.00 to - 10 0 10 (symmetrical) 0.2 1 to 2 10 (AA/AE = 1/5)			Z
AA = Output start value, AE = Output end value			

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Description		*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SI	NEAX F 535 Order code 535 - xxxx xx			535 -
Fe	atures, Selection			
5.	Power supply			
	85 230 V DC, AC			1
	24 60 V DC, AC			2
	Internal from measuring input (24 60 V AC)		A	3
	Internal from measuring input (85 230 V AC)		A	4
	Connect to the low tension 24 V AC / 24 60 V DC			5
6.	Response time			
	4 periods of the input frequency (standard)			1
	2 periods of the input frequency			2
	8 periods of the input frequency			3
	16 periods of the input frequency			4

* Lines with letter(s) under "no-go" cannot be combined with preceding lines having the same letter under "Blocking code».

Electrical connections



Dimensional drawing

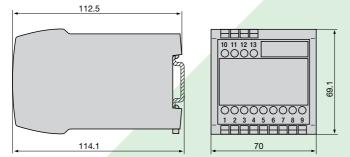


Fig. 5. Housing **P13/70** clipped onto a top-hat rail (35 x 15 mm or 35 x 7.5 mm, acc. to EN 50 022).

Standard accessories

1 Operating instructions in three languages: German, French, English



Rely on us.

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